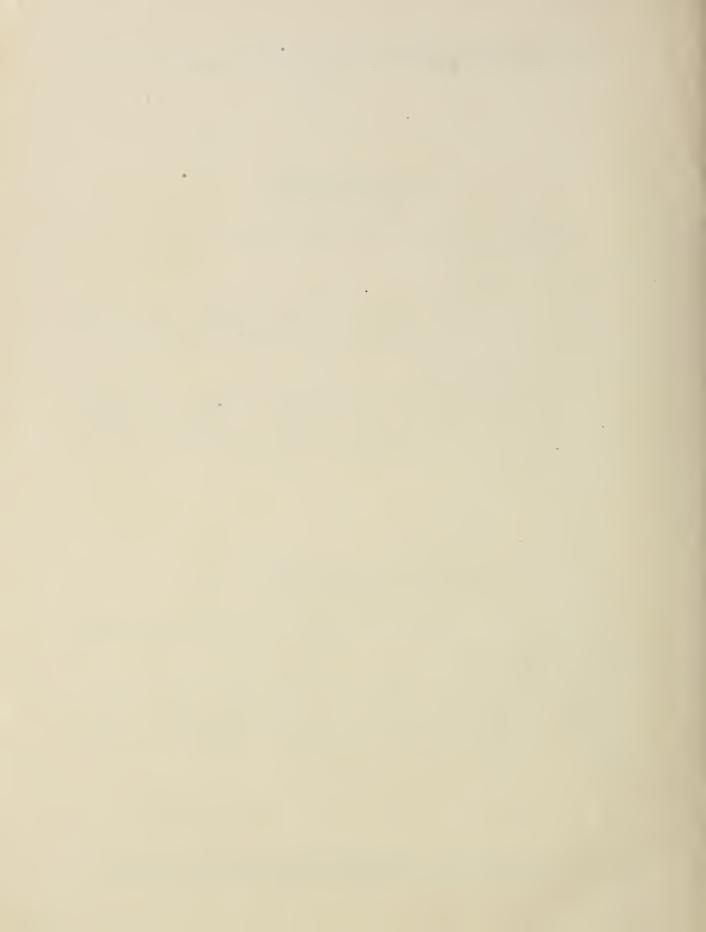
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OUR LITTLE HISTORY.

The American is always interested in our little Holland. And, you will pardon us for saying so, there is ample cause for this. However small our country is (only about 37.000 square miles in all) there are so many places of interest in it, such wonderfully quaint costumes to be found, such a great quantity of queer nooks and corners and windmills, that it is small wonder that the American who goes abroad never fails to pay a visit to pictoresque Holland.

Many things we are proud of: our great history, so splendidly described in "The Rise of the Dutch Republic" has had great influence over many nations; painters glory in the study of our ancient arts; civil engineers come to Holland to study the way in which the busy workers kept the water from destroying everything and wiping Holland off the map; while the neighboring countries of England, Germany and France envy us for carrying away the highest prizes from under their very noses for the most magnificent displays which can be held in the way of vegetables, fruits and flowers.

In former years we held the seas by our indomitable power. We made laws which far greater countries obeyed. Nowadays that same spirit is still there, but it predomenates in a different way. Our little country was chosen as the spot in which to erect the palace of peace. We are still great in the things in which a small country can be great. We are still a fighting people, but we fight with the weapons of peace.

Untiring energy, producing in the various branches of horticulture and agriculture results, which can be beaten with difficulty, is still the main characteristic of the Hollander.

The small area, from which he has to derive his living, has led him to study more closely how to obtain better results than otherwise would have been the case. A thoroughness which is unequalled is found among our people and has secured them a high rank among and the esteem of all other nations.

The Growing of Bulbs is one of the most painstaking businesses known. Handed down from father to son, and carried on in a comparatively small part of our small Holland, it has become an art in itself, and only those, who are thoroughly familiar with it, know the difficulties it presents.

To produce good results one must have smallest details at his fingers ends. A slope in one of the fields; lack of sufficient water or too much of it, (all under control) or a dip in the center of a Hyacinth field may prove disastrous to the bulbs. To have the fields dug to a depth of two or three feet; to know the exact ways of how, and when, and where to plant the bulbs; how to keep them free from diseases; the best methods of propagation, and a million other things are only learned from long experience and active work among these beautiful but tricky children of nature.

The point is, of course, to cultivate the bulbs in such a manner that, when they finally reach the customer, he will derive the best results from them.

Our firm is one of the old established ones. We have an area planted with stock, which stands comparison with any of the other stocks in the Bulb growing district. Since 1866 in which year the firm was founded, every possible care has been taken to make the standard of our bulbs as high as possible. New varieties are always added, some being originated by our firm, and old fashioned ones replaced by up-to-date stocks.

Our workmen are all familiar with the goods they handle. Year in and year out they do nothing but cultivate bulbs under the direction of competent foremen, all under the direct supervision of one of the Firm.

The members of the Firm Messrs. G. KRUYFF, E. H. KRUYFF and C. G. KORNMANN as well as our American Manager Mr. JOHN VAN AALST were all born and bred among the bulbfields.

Our endeavours have produced the Result:

W. & K. the sign of Quality.

Three years ago we started our branch office in Philadelphia. We have had our little troubles like everyone else, but:

We have made a hit with the principal idea: To let the American flower-lover have the benefit of buying the right kind of bulbs, grown by the right firm on the right soil and sent directly from their native country to the customer.

Quality bulbs, which cannot be surpassed, have always been sent out to our customers and this will be our aim for the future.

As our prices carry the bulbs, packed in their original packages, right to your home, you have no annoyances from clearings, no duty, no freight. Simply tip top quality at these prices, no more, no less.

 51° % of our customers who re-ordered, enlarged their 1912 orders by 251° % for 1913. We are willing to show this in our books to every-one who might feel interested.

With a few Dollars worth of our bulbs it is possible to make your garden and home pretty and attractive at a time when flowers are scarce.

You can follow our guidance when ordering and the result will certainly pay you for the little trouble you take.

In case you are anxious to know about some subjects, just write to our Phiadelphia Branch and the fifteen years experience of our manager there is fully at your command.

OUR CLAIM.

When we send you our bulbs direct from our fields in their original packages free of all charges to your home we claim the following:

That the quality of our bulbs is of a higher standard than that of those you are able to secure, under ordinary circumstances from the seedsmen in the United States.

That under fair conditions the results will be more satisfying to you.

That after a trial of our stock we will receive your future orders and those of your friends as well.

That the numerous compliments which we have received on the quality of our bulbs have been fully deserved and that

"W & K, the sign of quality", is not merely a hollow phrase, but a well mented and fully justified motto.

TRY US!

Yours faithfully,

Gt. VAN WAVEREN & KRUYFF, 200 Walnut Place PHILADELPHIA Pa.

MAKING A BULB-GARDEN.

By Grace Tabor.

This helpful little book may be obtained through us for 55 cts., including 5 cts. for postage. It tells you how to most effecti= vely secure the earliest springbloom and deals also with the bulbs flowe= ring throughout summer and fall.

How to grow our Bulbs.

GARDEN BULBS. A garden may be small or large, yet can always be made to look attractive in the Spring with Dutch bulbs when no other flowers have yet made their appearence. The trees will just have begun to show a sprinkle of the tenderest green and the lawn will have assumed a more lively tint when the balmy air already is fragrant with the perfumes of the Dutch flowers.

CROCUS. These may be scattered all over the lawn. They will stand a lot of rough handling and yet show up cheerfully in the early spring. Plant them a couple of inches deep, single or in little groups.

BNOWDROPS, May be treated in the same way and certainly repay for the little money and trouble bestowed on them HYACINTHS. A splendid display of these typical Dutch bulbs can be made by putting them in beds. Pick out the location for your bed which can be made oblong, round, or square or any shape according to taste. An oval bed of about 11½ feet by 7½ feet will require about 300 bulbs, while 100 bulbs make an excellent showing in an oblonged bed 2½ × 7 feet. Plant them six inches deep and six inches apart. It will be well to pay attention to the various color con bination we are giving under the heading "first size Hyacinths". We might say that the second size as well as Bedding suit the purpose of planting out door just as yiell as the first size and will not run into such a high cost.

TULIPS. Are also ideal for bedding purposes in much the same manner as the Hyacinths. They should be planted about four inches deep and four inches apart. It is however very important to put the right kinds and shades in one bed as all varieties do not flower at the same time and height. Our little guide will help you to pick out the right varieties (see Tulips).

NARCISSUS. While Hyacinths and Tulips like to have plenty of Sunshine, Narcissus are well contented with shady places. Along hedges, and around and between evergreens they show up fine. They are not very farticular as to the depth at wich they are planted.

SOIL. Bulbs will bloom in any kind of soil. It stands to reason though, that the better it be prepaired the better results you may expect.

The three cardinal points in planting bulbs are these:

First, to plant early enough-as early as permissible in October- to give the bulbs ample chance to make roots before the winter sets in.

Second, to plant at the right depth, as noted hereafter under the various classes; it is particularly desirable that formal beds should be planted at an even depth.

Third, to provide good drainage if your soil is clayey in character. Bulbs can grow in any average good soil, and in shady places, but like most other flowering plants they benefit by good soil and sun (the latter particularly in the case of tulips and hyacinths).

Remember if you are planting bulbs in beds that have contained flowering plants during the summer, that the soil will need enrichening, if you desire a profusion of large blooms.

The ideal treatment for a bulb bed, for the planting of tulips, for instance, is to dig out the top soil to a depth of five inches, an inch deeper than the bottom of the bulb is supposed to come. Take well rotted manure and spade it, along with sand if the soil below is clayey, till you have an underlying layer of nearly a foot in depth which is rich and open in texture, so that the bulbs can make a good root growth and find plenty of food when the time comes to send up their flower spikes in spring.

Level off the top of this layer, or if the bed when completed is to be crowned, crown this surface so that all bulbs may be planted at an even depth. Spread practically an inch of sand above this layer; or place it directly below each bulb; set bulbs with flat (or root face) down; then fill in the top soil and press lightly—this little extra care will insure the roots taking hold so much more easily, will provide ample drainage in case there should be a heavy rain shortly after planting, and thus prevent rotting of the bulbs.

BULBS FOR FORCING.



In potting bulbs for indoor blooming, be careful not to plant bulb too deep. The soil should not come within a half-inch of the top of the pot and the top of the Narcissus bulb should be up to the surface; the Tulips, not over an inch below; Hyacinths or Crocus, not a part in the below; Hyacinths or Crocus, not

over an inch below; Hyacinths or Crocus, not over a half-inch below.

The soil should be light and rich three parts loam, one part leaf mould and one part sand is a good combination; the leaf mould serving the purpose of holding the moisture.

A six-inch pot should not contain more than five Tulips, or two Narcissus, or two Hyacinths, or six Crocus. An eight-inch pan will hold ten Tulips, or eight Hyacinths, or eight Narcissus, or twelve Crocuses.

If bulbs are planted in pots, use a piece of a broken pot as an arch over the outlet hole and put in stones to hold this in position and allow drainage without washing away the soil

and put in stones to noted this in position and allow drainage without washing away the soil (Cut No. 1), then on top of this inch of drainage material add coarse, open soil, with the finer soil described above, both above and below the bulbs (Cut No. 2)

The bulbs having been potted, they are placed in the cold and dark for a period of a month and a half to three months, being watered only about every ten days to prevent

tered only about every ten days, to prevent



Use a bit of a broken pot arched over the hole and one inch of coarse drainage material to prevent washing.

It is much simpler if you have garden space at the soil from drying up.

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If blooms are being borne on too short flower stems and you know that the rost growth is ripe, put an open paper cone about a foot high and a couple inches wide at the top, over the top of the bulb. The stem will draw up in the desire to reach the light. This treatment is particularly applicable to Hyacinths.

WATER CULTURE.

What better Winter decoration for the home is there than the fragrant Paper White Narcissus, the Dutch Hyacinths, Daffodils and Crocuses

Any of these can be easily raised in water, in a flat jardinere which has been partially filled with sand or pebbles. Stones between the bulbs will hold them firmly in place, assuring erect flower spikes.



Force now. Protruding roots signify that the pot is full of good root development

Hyacinths grow beautifully in glasses specially made for this purpose and obtainable in most flower shops. The Tye kind is the most preferable. Be careful not to let the bottom of the bulb touch the surface of the water. There should be about the thickness of a nickel between. Place the glass in a dark cupboard or closet and wait till the roots crawl over the bottom of the glass, If the water should become foul let it run out, but never remove the bulb from the glass. Clean the root by shaking the glass gently after filling again and put in fresh water after the dirt is out. Be careful not to break the roots. Hyacinths grow beautifully in glasses sp break the roots.

break the roots.

It is well to fill the glasses with soft rain water, and to add a little charcoal from the start, using plant food in the water around blooming time to increase the size of the flowers and the strength of the stem.

A dozen or more Crocuses in a flat bowl make an excellent display, but to assure bloom keep these in a unheated room, if possible.

Remember in growing bulbs in water that it is just as essential to get good roots before exposing to the light, as in the case of indoor forcing in soil. Unless there is a good root growth you are almost sure to be disappointed with the results. with the results.

> Cuts by Courtesy of Garden Magazine.



The opening of the outer leaves say also that it is time to bring the pot into heat to force.

HYACINTHS.

It has always been admitted that Hyacinths-because of their large heads of fragrant flowers, held at uniform height on substantial stems-were ideal for the formal Spring bulb bed

But the flower lover who uses them only for this purposewho fails to thoroughly intersperse them in the front of the perennial and annual borders and beds, is losing sight of an opportunity to beautify such portions of his ground, at a season when bloom is otherwise sadly lacking.

Hyacinths are also one of the best plants that can be relied upon to brighten the home during the months when nothing is in bloom outside. They force easily-if you tried them unsuccessfully it is probable that we may give you some hints which would obtain you better results. As a guide to best results we state below those that have given greatest satisfaction for forcing.

Plant six inches deep (to bottom of balb) and six inches apart in beds.

BEDDING HYACINTHS

Chiefly for outside planting.

Although we reserve the right to ourselves to send out Bedding Hyacinths after our own Selection, yet we are willing to accommodate our customers as far as possible when they want us to send the Bedding Hyacinths with names attached. This should be mentioned on the order sheet.

	p. doz. p. 100 p. 1000)
Single Red	\$ 0.75 \$ 5 \$ 45	
Rose and Pink	. 0.75 5.— 45.—	
White	. 0.80 550 50.—	-
Blue	. 0.85 6. — 55.—	
Light and Porcelain Blue	. 0.85 6.— 55.—	
Yellow	. 0.85 6.— 55.—	
Double Red	. 0.80 550 50	
Rose	. 0.80 5.50 50.—	-
White.	. 0.80 5.50 50.—	-
Blue	. 0.85 6.— 55.—	-
Light and Porcelain	. 0.85 6.— 55.—	-
Yellow	. 0.85 6.— 55.—	_

MINIATURE (DUTCH ROMAN) HYACINTHS.

These bulbs if planted at the same time as Romans, or as soon as they are at hand, may be had in bloom in January, if grown inside.

Single dark Red.

	p. doz	p. 100 p. 1000	,
Amy	. \$ 045	\$ 3 \$ 27	
Garibaidi, early, for forcing	. 0.45	3.— 27.—	
Générai Pélissier, early, fine for forcing	. 0.45	3 27	
Robert Steyger	. 0.45	3 27	
Roi des Beiges			

Single Rose and Pink.

3.—	27.—
3.—	27.—
3.—	27 —
3.—	
3 —	27.—
	3.— 3.— 3.—

Single White and Blush.

	p. doz.	p. 100	p. 1000					
Albertine, very early forcer	\$ 0.45	\$ 3.—	\$ 27.—					
Baron van Tuyli, nice compact spike	0 45	3.—	27.—					
Grandeur à Merveille, blush	0.45	3.—	27.—					
La Grandesse, pure white	0.50	3.50	30.—					
L'Innocence, pure white		3.50	30.—					
Madame van der Hoop, compact spike.	. 0.45	3.—	27.—					
Paix de l'Europe, pure white	. 0.45	3. —	27.—					
Queen Victoria, pure white 045 3.—								
Single light Blue.								

Czar Peter, very beautiful 0.50	3.50	30.—
Grand Lilas, fine for cutting 050	3,50	30.—
Grand Maître, large spike 050	3.50	30
	3.50	30
La Peyrouse, sky blue 0.50	3.50	30,—
	3.5 0	30.—

Single dark Blue.

Baron van Tuyll, very early, dark	0.50	3 50	30.—
King of the Blues, good spike	0.50 τ	3.50	30.—
Marie, good deep blue	0.50	3 50	30
William I, dark	0.50	3 50	30.—
William III, dark	0.50	3.50	30.—

Single Yellow.

Alida	J.	acc	b	a.																0.50	3.50	30.~
Ida .																				0.50	3 50	30
King	of	th	e	Ye	eli	io'	w	٠,	ť.	he	ŀ	эe	st	у	el	llc	w	•		0.50	3.50	30

MINIATURE HYACINTHS (DUTCH ROMAN) Our Selection.

								p. doz.	p. 100	p. 100
ingle,	named	varieties,	red					\$ 0.45	\$ 3.—	\$ 27
22	11	٠,	rose	and	pink			0.45	3.—	27
"	,,	22	pure	wh	ite			0.45	3.—	27
**	,,	71	crea	my	whit	е .	and	l		
			blı	ısh .				0.45	3.—	27

light and porcelain 30.blue.... 0.50 3 50 dark blue.... 30.-0.50 350 mixed varieties, all colors 045 27,-

SECOND SIZED HYACINTHS FOR FORCING.

Although as a rule first sized Hyacinths are superior to second sized ones when it comes to forcing, yet these 2nd sized Hyacinths will make a very nice display in beds or even when planted in pots. We feel convinced that you will be satisfied with them.

Six at a dozen price, 25 at hundred price.

Single dark red.

	p doz.	p. 100
Amy	8 1.10	\$ 8
Garibaldi, early forcer	1 30	10
General Pélissier, early forcer	1.30	10.—
Robert Steyger, crimson	1.10	8.—
Roi des Belges, crimson	1.10	8.—

We send everything herewith catalogued: carriage paid and free of packing charges; our prices including everything.

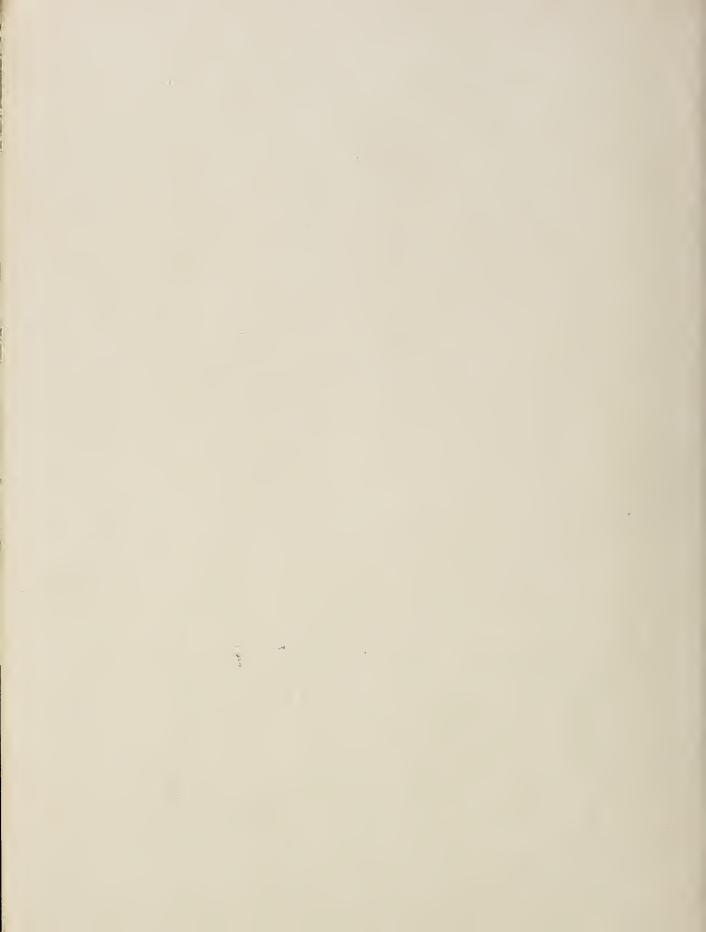
Single Rose and Pink.	Double White and Blush White.
p. doz. p. 10	Paygrat Payal num white
Baron van Thuyll, rose	Took all a blook
Charles Dickens, pink, very big spike 1.30 10	
Gertrude, dark rose, very nice 1.10 8	La Tour d'Auvergne, pure white 1.20 9.—
Glganthea, pale rose 1.10 8.	· ·
Grand Valnqueur, rose	Desti Di in in e
Lord Macaulay, rose	Riotshaue light
Moreno, deep pink, big spike 1.30 10	- Charles Dickens
Rosea Maxima, rose 1.10 8-	- Crown Prince of Sweden 1.30 10
Cinale White and Pluch	Garrick, blue, dark centre 1.45 11 -
Single White and Blush.	Prince of Saxony Weimar 1.45 11.— Van Speijk, deep blue 1.45 11.—
Albertine, elegant spike, early, pure white 1.10 8.	_
Alba Superbissima, pure white 1.10 8.	
Blanchard, big spike, very early, pure white 1.20 9	Manicu Hvacinins
Grande Vedette, pure white 1.10 8.	
Grandeur à Merveille, blush white, elegant spike 1.10 8.	
Grande Blanche, compact spike, big bells 1.10 8	
La Franchise, creamy white 1.10 8. La Grandesse, finest pure white 1.85 14.	and the state of t
L'Innocence, pure white, fine and early 1.20 9.	- cinths are well worth the investment.
Madame van der Hoop, compact spike, big bells 1.10 8.	You will note that as growers, we offer several times as many
O'- 1 II by Die	varieties as listed in most American catalogues among them the
Single light Blue.	best introductions in recent years. The varieties marked with * are best for glasses or pots.
Czar Peter, very beautiful, porcelain blue 1.60 12-	What W. K. call "Named Hyacinths first-sized Bulbs" are
Grand Lilas, fine for cutting 1.60 12.	real first-sized Bulbs, and far superior to those often offered
Johan, one of the best light blue 1.30 10. La Peyrouse, sky blue 1.30 10.	as first-sized Bulbs.
Lord Derby, very showy	a signt difference in price, a big difference in quanty.
Queen of the Blues, fine spike 1.60 12.	— 113 S126.
Regulus, big spike	For Bedding purposes we give you the following combinations, which may be very handy for you.
Single Blue and dark Blue.	
Baron van Thuyll, dark 145 11.	Roi des Belges, dark red
Captain Boyton, big spike 1.60 12.	
Grand Maître, big spike, big bulb	
King of the Blues, dark, good spike 160 12. Leopold II, excellent for pots 145 11.	
Marie, good deep blue 1.60 12.	
William I, dark, early 1.60 12.	Gertrude nink
William III, dark, good spike 1.60 12.	L'Innocence, pure white
Single Yellow.	
Alida Jacoba, pure yellow 1.20 9.	Roi des Belges, dark red
Hermann, orange yellow 1 30 10.	King of the Yellows, yellow
Ida, big spike, one of the finest yellows 1.30 10.	
King of the Y llows, extra big spike. 1.30 10. Sonora, deep yellow. 1.30 10.	
Yellow Hammer, golden yellow 1.60 12.	
	Sir Wm Mansfleld, purple
Single Mauve and Purple.	King of the Yellows, golden yellow
Haydn, blush violet 1.30 10. Lord Balfour 1.30 10.	II and to top at II and in the mide II and to amount Dealth
Lord Mayo	
Sir Edwin Landseer, dark violet 1.30 10.	Single Neu.
Sir William Mansfield, purple 1.30 10	- Amy, dark red
Double Red, Light Red and Rose.	*Etna, half double, large bells 1.60 12.—
	Fireball, deep orange red 1.60 12— *Garibaldl, crimson, early forcer 1.70 13—
	- *Général Pélissier, dark red, forces very early . 1.70 12.—
	- *La Victoire, large crimson spike, early 1.85 14
the sale and the s	- Robert Steyger, fine for bedding 145 11
The ball of the second of the	- *Roi des Belges, big spike 1.45 11 Vuurbaak, dark, early 1.60 12
3.	The state of the s

Single Rose and Pink.	-	oz. p. 100
p. doz. p.	Leopold II,	
	*Marie, good deep blue 2.1 13.— Masterpiece, purplish black 2.1	
	Uncle Tom, dark	
*Charles Dickens, pretty pink, nice flower 1.75 1	William I, dark, early 2.1	
Fabiola, bright rose 1.45 1	11 William III, dark, good truss 2.1	
	10.—	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Single yellow and Orange.	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	14.—	0 42
	14.— Alida Jacoba, pure yellow 1.6 11.— *Herman, orange yellow	
0,1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	10.— *Ida, big spike, one of the finest yellows 1.7 *King of the Yellows, fine spike, specially recom-	0 1.5.—
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	12.— mended	0 13.—
	11.— La Citronnière, lemon yellow 1.6	
	11.— La Pluie d'or, bright yellow 1.6	
Sultane favorite, bright rose, early 1.45 1	11 L'or d'Australie, pure yellow 1.6	30 12. —
	Sonora, deep yellow 1.7	0 13.—
Single pure White.	*Yellow Hammer, golden yellow 1.8	35 14.—
*Albo Movimo vovy only	19	
	12 - Single Mauve and Purple.	
	11.— Haydn, blush violet 1.6	30 12.—
	11.— *Lord Balfour, mauve 1.6	
	12.— *Lord Mayo, mauve	
Blanchard, very early, big spike 1.60 1	12.— Sir Edwin Landsecr 1.6	30 12.—
*Blancheur à Merveille, big spike 1,60 1	12.— *Sir William Mansfield, purple 1.6	30 12. —
Grande Vedette	11,—	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	DOUBLE HYACINTHS.	
	12.—	
., 0 ,	Double Red, Rose and Blush.	
, 0	12.— 12.— *Bouquet tendre, well known, early variety, pink 1.6	30 12.—
,	13.— Czar Nicholas, rosy blush 1.6	
	11. Grootvorst, good spike 1.6	30 12.—
	11. Koh-i-Noor, semi-double, large truss 1.6	60 12.—
•	Lord Wellington, large and magnificent spike 1.6	
Single Blush and Creamy White.	*Noble par Mérite, large flower, rosy red, extra 1.6 Prince d'Orange, semi-double rose, splendid spike 1.6	
*Grande Blanche, slightly blush 145 1	11.—	
*Grandeur à Merveille, blush, big spike 1.45 1	11.— Double White.	
	11.— Remark Borol white fine snike	20 19
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Bouquet Royal, pure white, fine spike 1.6 Flevo, pure white	
Mr. Plimsoll, blush white 145 1	*Isabella, large spike, extra	
Single light Plus	La Déesse, pure white, early 1.6	
Single light Blue.	*La Grandesse, pure white, same bells as the single. 1.6	30 12.—
Bismarck, the earliest light blue Hyacinth, very	*La Tour d'Auvergne, large spike, very early 1.6	60 12.—
big spike 4.— 3	B ₀ ,- La Virginité, blush 1.6	
	16.— Prince of Waterloo, pretty flower 1.6	30 12.—
, , ,	16	
· ·	16 Double Blue.	
, 0 , 0	13.— 13.— Albion, purplish blue, late 1.6	30 12.—
	*Bloksberg, prettily formed spike 1.7	0 13.—
	16.— Charles Dickens, good spike 1.6	30 12.—
	16 Crownprince of Sweden, violet blue, large spike 1.6	
Princess Wilhelmina 2.10 1	16.— Garrick, large spike, extra	
*Queen of the Blues, handsome big light blue spike 2.10 1	16.— *Lord Raglan, dark blue, light striped 1.7 Prince of Saxe-Weimar, semi-double, large spike 1.7	
	Pambraudt lavga spika	
*Schotel, pale blue 2.10 1	*Van Speijk, large spike and bells	
Single Blue and dark Blue.		
*Baron van Thuyll, dark 1.85 1	Double Yellow and Orange.	
	14.— Bouquet Orange, good flower 1.6	30 12.—
	16 *Goethe, very fine spike, splendid spike 1.6	
	14.— *Janue Suprême, yellow with rose centre 1.6	
, , , ,	15.— Sovereign, good truss	
	16.— Sunflower, magnificent spike	
*King of the Blues, dark, good spike 2.10 1	16.— Willem III, large	0 12.

We send everything herewith catalogued: carriage paid and free of packing charges, our prices including everything.

MAY WE OFFER YOU HEREWITH A REPRODUCTION OF THE PEACE PALACE, WHICH HOLLAND OWES TO THE LIBERALITY OF MR. ANDREW CARNEGIE.

GT. VAN WAVEREN & KRUYFF, SASSENHEIM (HOLLAND).



The coming Tulips.

History tells us that the culture of Tulips was started in Holland in the year 1571. From 1634 until 1637 the famous "Tulpomania" reigned, during which time ridiculous high prices were paid for one bulb.

The list of varieties now in the trade differs greatly from that of earlier times. We remember lots of varieties which have totally disappeared in order to make room for other sorts, better and more according to up to date taste.

Nowadays there exist already many new varieties, but they will not leave Holland in quantities in the first years on account of the very limited stocks and because the growers rather keep them to grow them as they see a future in that business.

We guess it will be of intrest to our American customers to cast a glimpse in future; we wish to be up to date, to be the first in offering something special. something new, to be ahead of other people, for that reason we offer them to our customers already now.

These coming tulips are:

SINGLE VARIETIES.

	each		each
Calipso. Like Herman Schlegel, but far bigger, resembles		La Reine des Reines. (Prosperity) Delicate and lovely	
the White Hawk in habit	\$ 0.20	pink, very early, splendid forcer \$	0.15
Casuaris. This flower has an excellent form, it resembles		La Reine Maximus. An improvement of the wellknown	
the La Reine Maximus but is deeper rose colored	0.30	La Reine, far bigger	.0.15
Colibri. The color is lighter yellow than Herman Schlegel,		La Reine Victoria. The pure white La Reine, with all	
it is yellow all over. It is of a nice, round form and	-3	the good capacities of that sort, besides the stems are	
certainly one of the beauties in Early-Tulips	0.50	stronger	0.15
Columba. This sort is rosy pink, well formed short, broad		Pelican. Large white flower lightly suffused with rose on	
flower	1.—	upper petals, one of the biggest flowers	0.35
Crimson Queen. The color is dark crimson with a mauve		Prinses Juliana. The color is of the finest rose, its form	
shade in it, forces easily and is very showy	1	is eggshaped	1.25
Cullinan. This flower keeps well a long time, has an		Red Hawk. A robust flower, the color is somewhat like	
excellent form and its color is of finest deep rose	0.30	Prince of Austria, but the outside petals are slightly	
Goud Elsje. This sort has a peculiar color, the under		colored yellow	0.15
half part is yellow, while the upper part is white, suffused		Rose Hawk. The same robust habit as White Hawk, but	
with light rose, like La Reine	0.20	light rose colored all over	0.15
Herman Schlegel. The yellow La Reine. This flower		Rose La Reine. Something after Prosperity, darker pink	
is of a light yellow color and has the same light rose		and smaller flower	0.10
like the La Reine, it is an easy forcer	0.15	Striped Hawk. The same robust habit as White Hawk,	
lbis. This sort is of a peculiar color, well we should say		but the color is a peculair combination of red and rose	2.—
it is after the red cabbage, the outside retals are running			
into rose, the flower is very big and forces very easily	2.—		

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

each	each
Apple Blossom. The color is like the Peach Blossom and	Peach Blossom. Excellent dark silky rose, the finest
even finer, but the tulip is not so filled as that sort. \$3	double rose Tulip known
Boule de Neige. Also a pure white sport of Murillo, which	Schoonoord. A pure white Sport of Murillo, with all the
forces easily, the whole when in flower, is somethin	good qualities of that well-known variety. Excellent
after a white Paeony 0.40	forcer
Electra. The color is like that of the crimson Queen, the	Theeroos. (Tea rose) Another sport of Murillo, called
shape is just as that of the Murillo and it has the good	Theeroos (tea rose) because it is both in color and shape
capacities of that wellknown sort in every respect 4	like that well-known Rose 0.15
Mary Garden. Pure yellow, the shape of Murillo, the only	
pure yellow double tulip in existence 0.50	

season.

TULIPS.

Plant 4 inches deep (to top of bulb) and 4 inches apart in beds. The culture of Tulips is one of our great specialties. Bein⁷⁵ owners of the very best grounds for Tulips (rich loam and pure. sand), we dare say our Tulips are unsurpassed and sure to give the greatest satisfaction, for forcing as well as for bedding purposes

Arrangements of Colors for Bedding.

Chrysolora and Dusart, or Artus or Belle Alliance.

Couleur Cardinal, bedded by itself makes one of the most beautiful beds.

Cottagemaid and Yeilow Prince.
Duchesse de Parma, all by itself.
Keizerskroon, all by itself.
La Reine and Artus.
Maes, unsurpassed when bedded without anything else.
Pottebakker White and Chrysolora.
Princess Marianne and Ophir d'Or.
Prince of Austria, all by itself.
President Lincoln, all by itself.
Rose Gris de Lin, separate in one bed.
Thomas Moore, all by itself.
Van der Neer and Ophir d'Or.

SORTS RECOMMENDED FOR FORCING.

A very handy way to force Tulips is the following.

Make a little box say 18" × 9" × 5" putting the boards at the bottom 1/4 of an inch apart for drainage. Fill the box 3/4 with good soil and place the Tulips in, covering them up. They may be placed almost touching each other. Put the box in the ground and cover deep with ashes or soil or manure. After some eight weeks when the bulbs have sufficient roots, dig the boxes up and place in light and heat, keeping them well moist. When the bulbs are in flower, dig them up very carefully and place in fancy basket or pot filled with damp moss or earth. They are then very even and will last as long as if forced in the pots.

For forcing the following varieties are highly desirable. If you will note these suggested varieties you may have a complete succession of bloom from Christmas until the Easter

For Flowering in December and Early January.

THE DUC VON THOL VARIETIES, MON TRÉSOR, PROSER-PINE, THOMAS MOORE. VERMILION BRILLIANT and WHITE POTTEBAKKER.

For Flowering January until March.

BELLE ALLIANCE, DUCHESSE de PARMA, KEIZERS-KROON. LA REINE, PRINCE OF AUSTRIA, ROSE GRIS DE LIN, VERMILION BRILLIANT, YELLOW PRINCE.

For Flowering from Early March to Early April.

BELLE ALLIANCE, COULEUR CARDINAL, FLAMINGO, LA REINE, PRINCE DE LIGNY, PRINCE OF AUSTRIA. PROSPERITY, ROSE GRIS DE LIN, ROSE LUISANTE, VERMILION BRILLIANT, WHITE HAWK, YELLOW PRINCE.

Early Single Tulips.

"DUC VAN THOLL" THE VERY EARLIEST.

			р. 100 р. 1000
Cocheneai, glowing	vermilion,	very early.	\$ 3.— \$ 27.—
Crimson			1.30
Gold Striped			1.75 15.—
Orange			1.75 15
Red and Yeilow .			1.50 12.—
Red and Yeilow, m	naximus		2.25 20.—
Rosy			
Scarlet			
Vermilion			
Violet			
White			
White Maximus			
Yellow			
All colors mixed .			1.50 12 -

The varieties marked 1 generally begin to flower about the 20th of April, those marked 2 after the first of May.

By selecting bulbs preceded by the same figure, and of the colors desired, you find the problem of making up a bed of Tulips pleasing in color combination, which will bloom at the same time, very much simplified.



Early single Tulips.

15.

10.

18.

28.

37.

15.

50.-

12.

30.

40.

22.

12.

28.

12.

12.

20.

16.

16.

12.

1.65

1.10

2 _

3.10

10.-

2.25

1.65

5.50

1.35

3.30

3.30

4.40

2.50

1 35

1.35

1.35

2.25

1.80

1.80

650

1.35

1.55

0.35

0.70

0.55

0.25

Early Single Tulips. - Continued.

Three of the finest early single Tulins are shown here A

p doz. p. 100 p. 100

Height 8 inches \$ 0.45 \$ 2.75

1-Adeline, rosy violet, with a yellow centre.

2-Alba Regalis, white, faintly edged pale yellow. Height 10 inches

2-Artus, rich scarlet, with clear yellow centre. Height 10 inches

1-Belle Alllance (Waterloo), crimson scarlet, with yellow centre. Height 9

Berchem, brilliant clear carmine

1-Bride of Haarlem, carmine, feathered white. Height 8 inches.

1-Brilliant Star, brilliant scarlet, color and habit as Vermillon Brilliant, but much larger, splendid early forcer : . .

2-Brutus, orange scarlet, edged yellow. Height 8 inches

2-Cerlse Grls de Lin, rosy violet. Height

1-Chrysolora, deep golden-yellow. Height

1-Claremont Gold, orange-scarlet. Height

1-Claremont Silver, carmine and white. Height 12 inches

1-Claremont White, white. Height 12

1-Cottage Boy, orange-red bordered orange yellow. Height 9 inches.

1-Cottage Maid, lovely rosy pink shading to cream white. Height 9 inches

2-Couleur Cardinal, intense crimson, shaded with plum on the exterior yellow centre. Height 11 inches.

2-Couleur Ponceau, cerise, flushed white.

1-Crimson King, crimson. Height 12 inches

1-Duc de Berlin, scarlet, edged orange yellow. Height 8 inches

2-Duchess of Parma, large orange red with a bold irregular margin of deep yellow, suffused with rose on the outer petals. Height 13 inches.

2-Dusart, crimson-scarlet, with greenish yellow centre. Height 10 inches

2-Flamingo, shape like White Hawk, color

1-Fred. Moore, bright orange shaded with scarlet, handsome and effective. Height

2-Goldfinch, the pure yellow golden Prince

Very sweet-scented and of a fashionable

A variety which has not been on the market very long. In forcing it gives great satisfaction, the color resembling the beautiful plumage of the flamingo

show in a bed.

bird.

color.

A grandTulip, which makes a very decided

1-Canary Bird, rich yellow. Height 11 inches 0.30

Arms of Leiden, white flamed carmine 0.30

	TITT	be of the finest early single range are shown here. At
the	top	is Duchess of Parma, a bright orange red with a deep
mai	gin	of rich yellow. Below (at the right) is Thomas Moore,
brig	ht o	range shaded. At the bottom is Ophir d'or, a sweet-scented
can	ary-y	yellow, which is generally conceded to be the best single
yell	low f	for bedding purposes.

Early Single Tuling. - Continued

	Early Single Tulips. — Contin	ned.		
Αt	p.	doz.	100	1000
p	1-Grace Darling, large dull orange scarlet,			
е,	with dark blue centre. Height 12 inches \$	0.75	\$ 4.50	\$ 40.—
ed le	1—Joost van den Vondel, rosy red, more or less flaked with white, and suffused			
10	with delicate rose on the outside. Height			
00	10 inches	0.45	2.50	22.—
00	1-Joost van den Vondel, white, pure			
_	white, extremely beautiful. Height 10 inch.	0.75	4.50	40.—
	Kardinalshoed, brown bordered orange	0.05	4.05	12
	buff	0.25	1.35	12.—
_	scarlet, edged bright yellow. Height 14			
	inches	0.50	2.90	26. —
	Owing to its enormous cup and broad			
	foliage this variety is generally looked			
-	upon as one of the best for outdoor			
_	work. The striking contract of the yellow			
	and red in the flower makes it very			
_	showy. 1-King of the Yellows, pure yellow in the			
	way of Canary Bird, but far superior.			
	Height 12 inches	0.30	1.80	16. —
	2-Koh-i-noor, very dark rich scarlet. Height			
_	7-9 inches	0.70	4	36
_	La Précieuse, (vide Cottage Maid)	0.25	1.35	12.—
	1-La Reine (Queen Victoria), white suf- fused with delicate pink. Height 11 inches	0.25	1.35	12
_	1—La Remarquable, dark purple. Height	0.20	1.00	12.
_	10 inches	1.25	6.75	60.—
	1-Le Matelas, silvery pink, tipped with			
-	white and shaded with blush white, early			
	and very effective. Height 1 foot	0.70	4.—	36.—
_	2-L'Immaculée, pure white. Height 8 inches	0.25	1.35	12.—
	1-Maes, rich scarlet, tinged with purple on the interior, centre bronze surrounded			
_	with bright yellow; the finest tulip for			
_	bedding. Height 10 inches	0.50	3.65	32.—
	1-Mon Trésor, intense golden yellow. Height			
-	11 inches	0.30	1.80	16.—
	Is very easy to force, one of the varieties			
	you should start your experiments with			
_	because you will be certain of good results if you follow our instructions.			
	2-Nelly (Grande Blanche), pure white.			
	Height 9 inches	0.25	1.35	12.—
_	1-Ophir d'Or, canary yellow, very sweet			
—	scented. Height 11 inches. The very best			
	single yellow tulip for bedding	0.30	1.80	16.—
_	2—Pink Beauty, bright rose pink, shading to blush white near the yellowish centre.			
	Height 11 inches. Award of merit R. H. S.			
	May 8th. 1900	1 25	6.75	60.—
_	1-Pottebakker, pure yellow. Height 13			
	inches	0.40	2.25	20.—
_	2-Pottebakker, scarlet (Verboom), rich			
	scarlet with a yellow centre. Height 13 inches.	0 40	2.25	20.—
_	1-Pottebakker, white, large cupshaped	0 40	2.2.0	20.
	pure white flowers. Height 13 inches.	0.45	2.75	25.—
	2-Potter, rich purple. Height 10 inches	0.75	4.50	40.—
	1—President Lincoln (Queen of the Vlo-			
	lets), rose purple, edged with white.	0.05	_	.~
	Height 8 inches	0.85	5.—	45.—
	10 inches	0.25	1.35	12.—
	2—Prince of Austria, scarlet suffused with	J.20	1,00	
	orange, yellow centre, sweet scented.			
-	Height 12 inches	0.35	2	18.—

Early Single Tulips. — Cont			
	p. doz.	100	1000
1—Princess Marianne, creamy white, suf- fused with pink, shading to rose; very			
large. Height 10 inches	\$ 0.25	\$ 1.35	\$ 12.—
1-Proserpine, bright rose, suffused with			
purple, very handsome. Height 12 inches	0.85	5.—	45.—
Also a very easy forcing variety.			
1 - Queen of the Netherlands, large globe- shaped tulip of softest rosy white. Height			
13 inches	0 50	3.10	28.—
1—Queen of the Violets (President Lin-			
coln)	0.85	5.—	45.→
Rachei Ruysch, cherry color	0.30	1.55	14.—
1—Rembrandt, large glowing crimson. Heigh	0.60	3.50	32.—
2—Rosamundi Huyckman, white tipped ros		3.50	32.—
and suffused rose pink. Height 10 inches	0.30	1.55	14.—
Rose Apiatie, soft rose	0.50	3.—	27.—
2-Rose Gris de Lin, rose flushed with pink,			
excellent shape. Height 8 inches.	0.25	1.35	12.—
A most beautiful and useful variety which should be included in every order.			
2-Rose Luisante, dark silky rose, the finest			
rose tulip. Height 9 inches	0.55	3.25	30.—
1-Sir Thomas Lipton, rich crimson scarlet	0.75	4.50	40.—
Standard Golden, scarlet, tipped and			
flaked with yellow. Height 10 inches 2—Standard Royai (Siiver Standard),	0.75	4.50	40.—
white ground, flaked and tipped with			
scarlet. Height 10 inches	0.75	4.50	40.—
2-Thomas Moore, bright orange, shaded			
with scarlet; very handsome and effec-			
tive. Height 14 inches	0.25	1.35	12.—
1-Van der Neer, large violet purple. Height 10 inches	0.85	5.—	45.—
2-Van Gooijen, fine rose. Height 9 inches	0.30	1.75	15.—
Verboom, rich scarlet, yellow centre.			
Height 13 inches	0.40	2.25	20.—
1-Vermiion Briliant, dazzling scarlet,			
with yellow centre. Height 10 inches This variety is considered by a good many	0.45	2.75	25.—
as the best scarlet. It certainly deserves			
all the credit which is given to it.			
1-Vesuvius, deep scarlet. Height 10 inches	0.45	2.75	25.—
1-White Hawk, pure white, robust habit;			
one of the very best white Tulips. Height 12 inches. (Fine white for Easter)	0.45	0.55	95
When forced this tulip at first opening	0.45	2.75	25.—
shows a very peculiar hahit. It looks			
as if it had been packed up in a box,			
full of wrinkles and crumpled up. After			
a day or so however it begins to ful			
itself, stretches and smoothes out and soon its full size is shown, making it			
one of the largest, best shaped flowers.			
2-White Swan, true, pure white, egg			
shaped flowers. Height 14 inches	0.40	2.25	20.—
This variety cannot be forced, but for			
outdoor planting it is very useful. Its name indicates its shape. The flowers			
are borne on long Swan-neck-shaped			
stems, which gave it a very graceful			
appearance.			
1-Wouwerman, rich dark purple, Height	0.07		
10 inches	0.85	5.—	45. —
2—Yeilow Prince, rich yellow, sweet scented. Height 9 inches	0.30	1.55	14.—
Yellow Queen, deep yellow, extra	0.45	2.75	25.—



The three best double Tulips for forcing purposes are shown above. $\,$

No. 1-IMPERATOR RUBRORUM is a glowing scarlet with yellow centre, borne on strong stems.

No. 2-MURILLO is a delicate blush pink blending with white,

No. 3-COURONNE D'OR is a rich yellow tinged with orange red.

In common with all the other double Tulips listed below these varieties are excellent for bedding as all are vigorous growers outdoors.

Early double Tulips.

The varieties marke 1 generally begin to flower last week of April, these marked 2 first week in May, while the latest to flower are marked 3.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR PLANTING DOUBLE TULIPS IN BEDS.

Double tulips should be planted one variety in each bed grouping different varieties does not produce such a good effect. We advise for that purpose the following splendid varieties: COURONNE D'OR, LA CANDEUR, LADY PALMERSTON, LE MATADOR, MURILLO, SALVATOR ROSE, WILLIAM III and LA CANDEUR, all by itself.

DOUBLE TULIPS SUITABLE FOR FORCING.

For Flowering in January.

SALVATOR ROSA.

For Flowering End of January to End of March.

COCHENILLE, COURONNE D'OR, EL TOREADOR, IMPERA-

TOR RUBRORUM, MURILLO, TITIAN, TOURNESOL,

YELLOW TOURNESOL.

YELLOW TOURNESOL.			
I and the second se	doz.	p. 100	p. 1000
2-Alba Maxima, pure white. Height 1 foot		\$ 1.75	\$ 16
1-Blanche Bâtive, pure white. Height 13			
inches. Very beautiful	0.45	2.65	24.—
1-Cochenille, fiery scarlet red	0.45	2.65	24.—
1-Couronne des Roses, rich pure rose,			
shaded white. Height 11 inches. Extra	0.60	3.55	32.—
1-Couronne d'Or, deep yellow, marked			
with orange red. Height II inches	0.50	3,10	28,—
Crown of Gold would be the English			
name for this variety and it certainly			
is a golden Crown when in flower. It			
makes a splendid bedding Tulip.			
Cuyp, cherry red, novelty	0,60	3.55	32.—
2-El Toreador, reddish bronze and orange			
with a yellow base; very handsome.			
Height 11 inches. Award of Merit R. H.		_	45
S. May 9th, 1900	0.85	5.—	45.—
1-Fluweelen Mantel (Velvet Gem), deep			
crimson, edged dark orange yellow.	0.10	0.45	22.—
Height 10 inches	0.40	2.45	22.—
1-Gloria Solls, rich yellow, running to deep	0.40	9.45	22.—
red. Height 12 inches	0.40	$\frac{2.45}{2.65}$	24.—
Graaf van Leicester, yellow edged orange	0.45	2.05	24.—
Hellanthus, red, yellow bordered, large flowers	0.40	2.45	22.—
2-Imperator Rubrorum, bright scarlet.	0.40	2.30	22.
Height 12 inches	0.45	2.65	24.—
2-La Candeur, pure white. Height 11 inches.	0.10	2.00	-1.
Remains in flower a very long time	0.30	1.75	16.—
1-Lady Palmerston, deep rose, shaded	0.00		
with white at base. Height 10 inches	0.40	2.45	22.—
2-La Grandesse, soft rose, shaded white.			
Height 12 inches	0.40	2.45	22.—
1-Le Matador, scarlet with purple glow at			
the outside of the petal. Height 12 inches.			
Extremely beautiful	0.45	2.65	24.—
2-Le Blason, blush pir k. Height 11 inches	0.40	2.45	22
Leo XIII, light red	0.40	2.45	22.—
2-Lord Beaconsfield, brilliant crimson			
rose, the shape of the flower resembles			
a giant Ranunculus. Height 10 inches .	0.40	2.45	22.—
2-Murillo, delicate blush pink. Height .10			
inches	0.30	1.75	16.—
Most decidedly one of the best double			
Tulips known. It is very fire for forcing			
purposes as well as for outside work.			
Parmesiano, rosy red, splendid	0.45	2.65	24
1-Princess Alexandra, scarlet and yellow.			
Height 10 inches	0.40	2.45	22.—
2-Purple Crown, dark purple. Height 12	0.10	2.15	22
inches.	0.40	2.45	22.—
8-Queen of the Netherlands, white flushed	0.55	4.50	40
rose. Height 10 inches	0.75	4.50	40.—
1-Raphael, pink shaded rose, extra. Height	0.75	1.50	10
9 inches	0.75	4.50	40.—

Double Tulips. — (Continued).

	p. doz.	p. 100	p. 1000
2-Rex Rubrorum, bright scarlet. Height			
10 inches		\$ 2.65	\$,24.—
2-Rose blanche, snowwhite, excellent bed-			
ding tulip. Height 8 inches	0.30	1.75	16.—
2-Rosine, white tinged rose. Height 13 in.	0.45	2.65	24.—
2-Rubra Maxima, dazzling scarlet, splen-			
did bedding variety. Height 10 inches.	0.35	2.—	18.—
1-Salvator Rosa, beautiful deep rose, extra.		2.	10.
Height 10 inches	0.40	2.45	22
2—Titlan, scarlet, edged yellow. Height 10 in.		2.45	22.—
		2.40	22.—
2-Tournesol, rich scarlet, edged yellow, very			0.0
showy. Height 11 inches	0.65	4.—	36.—
2-Tournesol Yellow, bright yellow, slight-		_	
ly shaded orange. Height 11 inches	0.50	3.—	27.—
2-Vuurbaak, bright scarlet, with a slight			
flush of orange, when fully open, very			
handsome. Height 12 inches	0.55	3.25	30
2-William III, rich orange scarlet, extra.			
Height 12 inches	0.45	2.65	24.—

Variegated leaved Tulips.

The unusually attractive variegated foliage of these Tulips and the pleasing flowers are sure to make them popular in America once they are better known. Yellow Rose, particularly deserves to be more planted—blooms late, bears sweetscented double flowers of an excellent yellow.

Single.

Purple crown, golden yellow border	0.50	3.50	32.—
Yellow Prince, broad golden, yellow edged			
extra	0.40	2.25	20.—

p. doz. p. 100 p. 1000

Double.

La Candeur, silver variegated	0.50	3.40	32.—
Rex Rubrorum, flowers rosy red, leaves			
silver variegated, extra	0.40	2.50	22.—
Tournesol, rich scarlet. edged yellow gold			
variegated	0.75	4.50	40.—
Yellow rose, edged yellow, very striking .	0.40	2.50	22

Late double Tulips.

Very tall growing varieties. (Not adapted for forcing.)

Admiral Kinsbergen, red and yellow	0.40	2.45	22.—
Blauwe Vlag (Lord Wellington), blue.		5.50	50.—
Mariage de ma Fille, white feathered			
crimson rose, very large and elegant.			
Height 14 inches	0.80	4.65	42
Overwinnaar, blue and white, striped and			
spotted	0.50	3.40	32.—
Pacony Gold, red and gold striped	0.30	1.75	16
Paeony red, scarlet	0.30	1.75	16
Yellowi Rose, pure yellow	0.35	1.75	16.—

Late single Tulips.

Byblooms.

							p	doz.	100	1000
Mixture								\$ 0.35	\$ 1.75	\$ 16
Named Varieties.	 •	 •		•	•			0.40	2.45	22

Bizards.

These bizard Tulips, blooming in late May, are being used largely for naturalizing in borders and for oddity beds. Imagine the wonderful contrast of purple, crimson and brown markings on the yellow grounds of these large, showy flowers, you will realize why these are so popular in Europe and the British Isles for their outdoor effects and cutting purposes.

Mixture			•	·				0.35	1.75	16 —
Named Varieties.								0.40	2.45	22

Breeders.

In fine named Varieties					0.40	2.45	22
Mixed, ali coiors					0.35	1.75	16

PARROT (or DRAGON) TULIPS.



Parrot (or Dragon) Tulpis.

In the whole garden year nothing is more showy, more grotesque than the fragrant Parrot (or Dragon) Tulips. The waxy irregular outlines, the brilliantly streaked petals, the oddly grotes-

que fashion in which they combine contrasting colors—are responsible for the growing interest being shown by the American public.

They bloom outdoors about the middle of May-have large flowers on graceful stems.

	p. doz.	p, 100	10 00
Mixture	. \$ 0.25	\$ 1.35	\$ 12.—
Amirai de Constantinople, scarlet	. 0.35	1.75	16.—
Cramoisi Briliant, carmine	. 0.35	1 75	16.—
Gioriosa, red and yellow	. 0.35	1.75	16.—
Lutea Major, yellow	. 0.35	1.75	16.—
Markgraaf van Baden, red and yellow,	. 0.35	1.75	16,—
Monstre rubra major, scarlet, extra fo	r		
forcing and for bedding	. 035	1.75	16.—
Perfecta, yellow and red	. 0 35	1.75	16.—

REMBRANDT TULIPS.

New race of striped late tulips.

Collection	of 3	named	sorts				0.80	4.65	42.—
•,	" €	, ,	"				0.85	5-	45.—
Finest Mix	ture						0.50	3.50	32

May-Flowering Tulips.

Amongst the following the most beautiful objects will be found for the herbaceous border as well as for other decorative purposes.

As their large, brilliant flowers are borne on long, sturdy stems, the May flowering Tulips furnish excellent flowers for cutting during the middle of that month—when bloom is scarce The Gesnerianas are distinctive for their various eyes or centres

These Tulips should be planted outdoors only—they do not force well.

TOTCE WEIL.	
American Lac (Hobbema), large satiny	00
lilac salmon \$ 1.65 \$ 10.— \$ 90.	
Beauty of America, creamy white and pink 0.40 2.45 22.	
Billietiana, yellow, flaked red 0.30 1.75 16.	
Bouton d'or (Goiden Beauty), the finest	
and deepest golden yellow tulip for cutting 0.40 2.45 22.	
Caiedonia, bright orange scarlet 0.40 2.45 22.	_
Didieri, crimson, with blue centre 0.45 2.75 25.	_
Didieri Aiba, white 0.40 2.45 22.	_
Elegans, dark crimson, elegantly reflexed. 0.40 2.45 22.	-
Elegans aiba, beautiful white reflexed pe-	
tals, margined rosy red 0.60 3.50 32.	-
Eilen Willmott, undoubtedly the finest May	
flowering tulip; flowers very large, beauti-	
fully shaped and of a soft creamy yellow	
color, with a delicious fragrance 0.90 5.50 50.	
Florenting Odorsto (Salamatri) and 2.45 22.	_
Florentina Odorata (Sylvestris), yellow, sweet scented 0.30 1.75 16.	
Fulgens, rich crimson, very tall 0.40 2.45 22.	
Fuigens Lutea (Wrs. Moon), large yellow,	Т
extra fine 0.90 5.50 50.	
Gesneriana Alba Oculata (Rosalind), rich	
crimson scarlet, with white eye, very	
lovely 0.30 1.75 16	
Gesneriana Lutea, deep yellow, tall and	
handsome	
Gesneriana Lutea Pallida, large primrose	
yellow, extra	_
Gesaeriana Macrospeila, crimson scarlet,	
black and yellow centre 0.30 1.75 16.	_

May-flowering Tulips. - (Continued). p. doz, p. 100 p. 1000 Gesnerlana Rosea, rosy carmine, black centre. \$0.30 \$1.75 \$16.— Gesnerlana Major (Spathul 1ta), rich crimson scarlet, blue black centre, very showy 22.-Golden Crown, golden yellow, edged red. 0.201,10 10.— Golden Eagle, deep yellow 0.30 1.75 16,-Greigi, gigantic flower, scarlet-orange, foliage spotted purplish brown 1.50 9.-Inglescombe Pink, salmon rose 2.45 22.-Inglescombe Scarlet, brilliant scarlet, black 0.65 35.--Inglescombe Yellow, may be called the yellow Darwin tulip, large flower of a perfect form, glossy canary yellow, very 1.30 beautiful 70 -Isabella (Shandon Bells, Blushing Bride), creamy yellow changing to dark 0.40 2.45 22._ La Candeur (Parislan White), pure white, afterwards suffused with rose 0.40 2.45 La Mervellle, scarlet suffused with apricot 0.25 1.35 12.-Mrs. Moon, large yellow, extra fine 5.50 50.-Parisian yellow, rich lemon yellow, with 0.40 2,45 Plcoté (Malden's Blush), white, graceful recurved petals, margined rose, elegant 0.40 2.45 22.-Primrose Beauty, belongs to the same type as Miss Wilmott, color soft primrose, chan-0.75 4.50 40.-Retroflexa, light yellow with elegantly recurved petals, fine for cutting 0.452.80 25.-Royal white, pure white with yellow centre 0.90 5,50 50.-Scarlet Mammouth, large crimson, dwarf 0.55 3.25 29.-Sweet Nancy, white edged lilac. 1.35 12.— Virginalis, white bordered lilac-red. 22_ 0.402.45 Viridiflora, green, edged yellow 0.60 3.50 32.-Viridiflora Praecox, beautiful large flowers, soft green, edged yellow 35 -Vitellina, pale primrose, passing off pure 50.white, tall and exceedingly handsome . 5.50 Zomerschoon, flesh color, striped with

Darwin Tulips.

Named Varieties.

We strongly recommend this class of Tulips for garden decoration in groups, in the herbaceous border and amongst shrubs.

Grown for cut flowers they will prove very valuable at a time that our gardens yield so little to decorate our rooms. They flower during the middle part of May, a time in which the spring flowers are over and the summer flowers, such as roses, have not yet come in.

Growing to a height of a couple feet, with perfectly colored flowers double the size of an ordinary Tulip, the Darwin deserves to be thoroughly interpersed along the borders. It is well to put Darwin Tulips at the back—other May flowering Tulips in front and a border of early Tulips if you want almost continuous bloom, white the other plants are getting started.

By slowly forcing in pots they may be had in bloom in March or even earlier; most of the varieties improve in colour by protection under glass or canvas. The list of varieties we offer is carefully selected and includes nothing but fine varieties. We have discarded a great many varieties which, we considered inferior to those we now offer.

Darwin Tulips. - Continued.

	•		
(Fine for cutting). p. c	doz.	p. 100	p. 1000
Assortiment in 25 fine named varieties		\$ 2.75	\$ 25.—
, , 10 , , ,		2.25	20.—
Mixed, all colors \$6	0.30	1.75	16.—
Ant. de Barry, brownish velvet red	0.40	2.45	22.—
Ant. Roozen, lovely rose tinged apricot, extra	0.60	3.50	32.—
Ariadne, fiery scarlet red	0.85	5.—	45.—
Baronne de la Tonnaye, vivid rose	0.90	5.50	50.—
C. J. Salter, bright rose, fine flower	0.40	2.45	22.—
City of Haarlem, brilliant scarlet with a pure			
white centre, very large	1.40	10.40	100.—
Clara Butt, soft delicate pale salmon rose,			
a flower of remarkable beauty	0.45	2.75	25.—
Cordelia, glowing violet crimson, very hand-			
some	0.45	2.75	25.—
Donders, crimson, dark violet centre	0.45	2,75	25.—
Dream, large lilac	0.75	4 50	40.—
Edmée, vivid rose pink	0.50	3.40	30.—
Etna, bright red	0.75	4.50	40,—
Europe, bright carmine red, extra	0.75	4.50	40.—
Farncombe Sanders, fiery scarlet	1.—	6.—	55.—
Faust, dark violet	0.60	4.25	40.—
Fra Angelico, dark brownish black	0.45	2.75	25.—
Glory, brilliant scarlet	0.50	3.40	30.—
Glow, brilliant glowing vermilion, centre blue			
margined white	0.75	4.50	40.—



Darwin Tulips.

DARWIN TULIPS.

Darwin Tullps. - (Continued).

Imagine the brilliancy of these Darwin Tulips in your garden. Pride of Haarlem (shown at top) is a bright, carminy rose suffused with purple—a bloom measuring over four inches across is not oddity on this variety.

La Tulipe Noir (the Black Tulip) is nearly as large and is so dark a purple that on first glance it seems actually black.

	p. doz	. p. 100	p. 1000
Gretchen, large globular flower, outside			
blush, inside soft blush, very beautiful.	\$ 0.30	\$ 1.75	\$ 16
Gustav Doré, bright rose	0.45	2.75	25.—
Hecla, deep crimson maroon, very beautiful	0.30	1.75	16.—
Isis, bright crimson	0.90	5.50	50.—
Kate Greenaway, white flushed lilac, very			
late and beautiful	0.45	2.75	25.—
La Candeur (White Queen), lovely soft			
white, slightly tinged blush, anthers black:			
a beautiful large globular, erect flower .	0.75	4.50	40
Lantern, silvery lilác, changing to white .	0.30	1.75	16.—
La Tristesse, lilac blue, extra	0.75	4.50	40 —
La Tulipe Noire (The Black Tulip), very			
large	3.25	22.—	218.—
Loveliness, soft rosy carmine, extra	0 45	2.75	25.—
Marconl, violet white centre, large	0.45	2.75	25.—
Massachusetts, beautiful light rose	0.50	3 40	30.—
Massenet, apple blossom, extra	0.90	5.50	50
May Queen, soft rose, large and beautiful.	0.50	3.40	30.—
Melicette, deep lilac	1.30	7.75	70,
Mme Krelage, vivid pink, light bordered,			
extra	0.90	5.50	50
Mr. Farncombe Sanders, bright scarlet .	0.95	5.75	52.—
Mrs. Cleveland, delicate pink	0.75	4.50	40.—
Nauticus, purplish rose, large	0.40	2.45	22.—

	p. doz.	p. 100	p. 1000
Nora Ware, silvery lilac, shaded white, ex-	•		
tremely beautiful	\$0.70	\$ 4.—	\$ 35
Negro, brownish dark red	0.70	4.—	35.—
North Dacotah, fiery red white basal blotch		2.45	22.—
Nymph, pale lilac	0.40	2.45	22.—
Oulda, fiery red	0.40	2.45	22.—
Painted Lady, soft milky white flowers on			
dark purple stems; flowers resemble the			
beautiful Nymphaea or Waterlily	0.40	2.45	22.—
Peter Barr, bright rose	0.40	2.45	22.—
Pride of Haarlem, large flower, dazzling			~=
cerise-scarlet	0.55	4.—	35.—
Prof. Francis Darwin, salmon scarlet	0.70	4	35.—
Psyche, delicate pink, very beautiful	1.—	6.50	60.—
Queen of the Roses, rose, extra	0.35	1.90	16.—
Rev. Ewbank, vivid heliotrope lilac, light		2.00	0.4
bordered	0.45	2.80	24.—
Scylla, fiery scarlet	0.40	2.45	22.—
Sleraad van Flora, large flower, vivid rosy	1	6.50	60
red, one of the earliest	0.70	4.—	35.—
Stanley, fiery scarlet	0.80	4.25	40.—
Thérèse Schwartze, soft heliotrope lilac.	0.90	5.50	50.—
The Sultan, black, (may be called the black		5.50	50.—
tulip)	040	2.45	22.—
William Copland, lilac, early	1,	6.50	60.—
Wedding Veil, nearly pure white	0.85	5.—	45.—
William Pltt, scarlet red, excellent forcer.	0.85	5.—	45.—
Yellow Perfection, light bronze yellow,	0.00	٥.	10.
edged golden, extremely beautiful	0.60	4.25	40.—
Zephlr, pretty soft rose	0.60	4.25	40.—
Zulu, violet black, very distinct shape, a			
splendid and very remarkable flower	0.85	5.90	56.—
•			



A portion of our fields at Sassenbeim, turned into an open-air exhibition, spring 1907, showing, what can be done with our bulbs.

You will notice the fine display of flowers while everything else looks bare and wintry like. You can make your own garden look like that.

CROCUS. Named Varieties.

Who would know, when Spring was at hand, if the Crocus failed to show its head above the grass, even before the lawn had begun to put on its new coat of green?

You will have a pleasing surprise the first Spring day next year, if you scatter Crocuses liberally across your lawn, and in colonies along the front of your flower beds now. Don't confine yourself to the yellow sorts alone—remember that a touch of blue color in early Spring is most welcome, that the white, purple and striped and spotted sorts offer an excellent forecast of your garden season of pleasure.

Plant Crocus on the lawn, 2 inches deep, and 3 inches apart in colonies blending away to intervals of six inches, if you want an old and pleasing effect. Remember it does them no harm to be cut down, when the lawn needs its first application of the mower.

Albion, purple. Albion, striped. Baron von Brunow, dark blue. Caroline Chisholm, white. Dandy, purplish bordered white. David Rizzio, purple. Grande Vedette, blue. King of the Whites, white. La Majestueuse, striped. Madame Mina, violet striped. Mont-Blanc, white. Non plus ultra, blue, bordered white. Othello, dark purplish black. Purpurea grandiflora, dark purple. Queen Victoria, white. Sir John Franklin, blue, large. Sir Walter Scott, striped.

	All t	he ab	ove §	1.30) pe	r 10	0, \$	11	- p	er	10	00	
					-		, .		-			p. 10	0 p. 1000
Mixed	white.											. \$ 0.7	0 \$6.—
Mixed	blue &	purp	de .									. 0.7	5 6.50
Mixed	striped	l										. 0.7	5 6 50
Mixed	extra g	giaat	flov	veri	ng	all	col	lors	i			0.7	0 6.—
		Y	ELI	o,	w	CF	२०	CU	rs.				

Mixed extra gia at flowering all colors 0.70	6.—
YELLOW CROCUS.	
Top size	12.—
1st size	10.—
2nd size 1.—	8
9-3 -:	0



NARCISSUS POETAZ.

Originated from a cross of Narcissus Poeticus and the Polyanthus Narcissi.

This new strain may be considered to be an improved race of the old Polyanthus Narcissi. They are perfectly hardy, have many-flowered stems and larger sweet scented flowers, and fit for pot culture as well as for forcing.

p. doz. p. 100

Alsace, white, cup lemon yellow, bordered orange. \$ 2.- \$12-

1	6.—
1.—	6.—
1.50	9.—
2.—	12.—
4.—	24
2.—	12.—
2.25	14.—
	1.— 1.50 2.— 4.— 2.— 2.25

n. doz. n. 100

NARCISSI (DAFFODILS).

The Narcissus vies closely with the Tulip and Hyacinth for Spring honors. Dainty in color, graceful in habit, it furnishes long-stemmed flowers which are highly desirable for cutting.

The poeticus varieties are very sweet scented and like all the Narcissi, are especially well adapted for naturalizing in the semi-shady spots where the sun's rays are slightly broken.

It is well to be remembered that Tulips and Hyacinths need more sun and lighter soil than the Narcissus, and to arrange your planting accordingly if you want flowers that excel all in the neighborhood.

In planting do not break off the small bulbs which adhere to the sides of the Narcissus bulb—as these will send up blooms and provide for growth of a small clump from each bulb. Strangely, the American habit seems to be to separate the small attached bulb from the parent, losing its vitality largely and preventing the increasing clump, which Narcissi form.



SINGLE NARCISSI.

This grouping shows three of the best single Narcissi. The bud in the lower left-hand corner is the bicolor Grandis. From the illustration you get only a feeble idea of the beautiful contrast between the white perianth and the projecting yellow trumpet. The cut of the same variety in the centre of the illustration indicates the striking contrast between the bright yellow trumpet and the surrounding white perianth when fully opened.

In the upper left-hand corner and lower right are shown two views of the Golden Spur Narcissus which is of a deep yellow color. This is the best of all yellow Daffodils. Blooms early outdoors and forces easily.

In the upper right-hand corner is shown the beautiful Poeticus Ornatus (listed under Poeticus varieties above). Exceptional for forcing, fully three weeks before the ordinary Poeticus (or Pheasant's Eye) is in bloom. Ornatus produces beautiful white blooms with the distinctive yellow "eye" edged with red.

Single Narcissi.

Mixture .						•	•	•			-		-	1.10	-	

INCOMPARABILIS VARIETIES.

Incomparabilis Barri Conspicuus, sulphur	0.20	1.10	10.—
" Cynosure, yellowish	0.20	1.10	10
., Sir Watkin, yellow cup, sul-			
phur perianth	0.55	3.25	30. –
" Albus Stella, white	0.20	1 10	10.—
Typus, yellow	0.20	1.10	10.—
Leedsii Elegans, white and sulphur	0.20	1.10	10.—

POETICUS VARIETIES

FOETICUS VARIETI	CO.		
	p. doz	p. 100	p. 1000
Biflorus, white, yellow cup	\$ 0.20	\$ 1.10	\$ 10
Poeticus, white, orange cup	0.20	1.10	10.—
" Burbidgei, early	0.20	1.10	10.—
. King Edward VII, very early,			
orange cup	1.—	6.—	55.—
" Ornatus, very early	0.20	1.10	10.—
double crowns	0.25	1.35	12.—
" Poetarum, very early	0 25	1.35	12.—
TRUMPET VARIETII	ΞS.		
Ard Righ (Irish King), very early, extra.	0.45	2.75	25.—
Bicolor grandis, yellow trumpet, white			
perianth	0.40	2.25	20.—
" Empress, white and yellow, large	0.55	3.25	30.—
" Horsfieldi, white and yellow	0.40	2.25	20.—
" Victoria, grand	0.55	3.25	30.—
" Emperor, yellow, large flower	0.55	3.25	30.—
Golden Spur, golden yellow selected double	0.00	0.20	00.
crowns	0.65	4.—	35.—
" " first size	0.40	2.25	20.—
Glory of Leiden, deep golden yellow, very	0.10	2.20	20.
big and fine formed trumpet	1.75	13.—	110.—
Henry Irving, fine yellow, early	0.55	3.25	30.—
King Alfred, a most desirable early Daffodil	0.00	0.20	50.
of an uniform rich golden yellow, very			
large, refined flower and most vigorous			
growereach \$ 1.—			
Moschatus (Albicans), sulphury white	0.40	2.25	20.—
Obvallaris, yellow, very early	0.55	3.25	30.—
Pseudo (Lent Lily), perianth sulphur, trum-	0.00	0.50	30
pet orange yellow	0.40	2.25	20.—
Scoticus, perianth white, trumpet yellow.	0.50	3.—	20.— 28.—
Trumpet Major, yellow, fine trumpet	0.40	2.25	20.—
96 1 1 1 1 11 11	0.45		20.—
NI 11 1 0	0.45	2.50	
		1.35	12.—
" Princeps, pale yellow	0.30	1.75	15.—
Van Sion, golden yellow, very early for	0.95	9	10
forcing	0.35	2.—	18

DOUBLE NARCISSI.

Among the double Narcissi none is so well-known as the double Von Sion, of which a side view is shown at left and a front view in the lower centre of this picture. This is the double yellow daffodil so popular in America around the Easter season, and for this purpose it is forced by florists in larger quantities than any other Narcissus.

The orange Phoenix shown at the top of this illustration shades from white to deep orange with a blending of yellow between; the Sulphur Phoenix shown at the right, from white to sulphur yellow. Of these two, the Orange Phoenix is generally considered the more satisfactory for forcing—but in common with all other double Narcissus, any of these varieties are easily grown outdoors.

p. doz. p. 100 p. 1000

grown databoxs.	P. 000	10. 100	P. Too
Mixture	0.25	\$ 1.35	\$ 12
Albo pleno odorato, white. The gardenia			
flower	0.20	1.10	10.—
Capax Plenus, "Queen Ann's double Daffo-			
dil", Star shaped, lemon each \$ 0.50			
Incomparable, Butter and Eggs	0.30	1.55	14 —
Orange Phoenix, yellow and orange	0.30	1.55	14.—
Pallidus plenus, sulphur and orange	0.45	2.75	25. —
Pumilus plenus, rich yellow, very double	0.55	3.25	30.—
Sulphur Phoenix, sulphury white	0.35	2.—	18.—
Van Sion, double yellow trumpet, extra se-			
lected bulbs	0,90	5,50	50.—
Van Sion, double yellow trumpet first size	0.55	3.25	30
Van Sion, double yellow trumpet, second size	0.40	2.25	20.—

Double Narcissi.



POLYANTHUS NARCISSI.

Bunch Flowered Narcissus.

Bullett 110 were was closure.			
	p. doz.	p. 100	p. 1000
Bathurst, yellow	. \$075	\$ 4 50	\$ 40.—
Bazelman Major, white	. 1.25	7 50	68.—
Gloriosa, white.	. 065	4 —	35.—
Grand Monarque, white	. 0.65	4.—	35 —
Grand Primo, sulphur	. 0.65	4.—	35 —
Grand Soleil d'or, golden yellow	0.65	4.—	35
Her Majesty, white with yellow cup	. 0.75	4.50	40.—
Jaune Suprême, yellow	. 075	4.50	40
Newton, bright yellow	. 1 —	6	55.—
Queen of the Netherlands, white, early	. 0.75	4 50	40.—
White Pearl, white	0.65	4.—	35.—
Mixed, all colors	. 0.55	3.25	30.—
Mixed, white	0.55	3.25	30.—
Mixed, yellow	. 0.55	3.25	30 —
JONQUILS.			
Double, odoriferous	0.55	325	30.—
Single, odoriferous	. 0 20	1.10	10.—
Single Campernelli, large	. 0 25	1.35	12.—
Single Odorus Rugilosus, (Improved Cam	-		
pernell)	. 0.25	1.35	12.—
Double Anemor	nes.		

In 6 fine named Varieties

Ceres, rosy white

Feu Superbe, scarlet........

Double Anemones. - Continued.

Rosette, soft rose	\$ 0.30 \$ 1.80
Sir Joseph Paxton, violet	. 0.40 2.25
Sir Robert Peel, lilac	. 0.40 2.25
Surprise, scarlet, extra	. 040 2.25
The Bride, pure white	. 0.40 225
All Colors Mixed	. 0.25 160
Scarlet, Mixed	. 0.25 1.60
Blue, Mixed	. 0.25 1.60



SINGLE ANEMONES.

All colors, mixe	d											•			0.20	1.20°
Scarlet, mixed															0.20	1.20
Blue, mixed															0.20	1.20
Violet, mixed															0.20	1 20
The Bride, pure	w]	hit	е		•			•		•	•	•	•	•	0.25	1 20

ANEMONES DE CAEN.

All colors	mixed																			0.25	1 50
All colors	mixed	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	0.25	1 90

ANEMONES ST BRIGID.

If you will try this wonderful new race of half double anemones, particularly in a cool, shaded spot around the shrubs and bushes, you will find a pleasing surprise in wonderful scarlet, purple and cerise flowers, of a type that is still rare in America.

Splendid mixture 0.45 2.50

We send everything herewith catalogued: carriage paid and free of packing charges; our prices including everything.

p. doz p. 100

1.80

1.80

2.25

180

0.30

RANUNCULUS.



The Ranunculus Grandiflora is a brilliant feature of the fine gardens on the continent, but is comparatively little known, at its best, in America. In the opinion of American experts who have studied the conditions under which they flourish abroad, it should be easy to grow them in California and the entire Southwest, where the rainy season most closely duplicates those of their native Asia Minor. In other sections, growing Ranunculus outdoors requires care and skill—is a worth while test of expert gardening ability.

As a forcing flower Ranunculus has been standard for a halfcentury, there is no reason why any one should have trouble in getting a profusion of blooms with Ranunculus in his greenhouse.

p. ac	oz. p. 100
Persian, in 6 fine named varieties \$ 0.2	0 \$ 1.20
Persian, all colors mixed 0.1	5 0.80
French, in 6 fine named varieties 0.2	0 1.20
French, all colors mixed 0.1	5 0.80
Turban, in 6 named varieties 0.2	5 1.40
Turban, all colors mixed 0.2	0 1.20

IRIS.

In few flowers is there more world-wide interest than in the Iris. The German Iris, or Flag, was the first to interest any large number of American flower lovers, but the more graceful Japanese types have been introduced into most American gardens long before this.

Admittedly the ideal Iris is Iris Hispanica, or Iris Anglica, the growing of which has been confined largely to American florists due to the feeling that the plant was difficult to raise.

True, the Spanish Iris requires more winter protection than the sturdy German types, but it is worth the effort, if you will plant it in September and give it a rich, moist soil and good winter protection, you will find that the orchidlike blooms secured in May will well reward you.

IRIS ANGLICA.

In 3 named varieties	5. 100 8 4.50
Superfine Mixture 0.50	3
Bleu Mourant, blue 0.85	5.—
Mont Blanc, pure white, extra 0.70	4,
Othello, dark blue 0.85	5.



THE IRIS HISPANICA.

A Spanish Iris is difficult to raise under American outdoor conditions—this Dutch development of the Hispanica strain, if planted around the end of September and given good winter protection, produces orchidlike flowers of such remarkable beauty that it is well worth the effort.

IRIS HISPANICA.

1.1 6 named varieties		
Alex von Humboldt, indigo blue		
Belle Chinoise, deep yellow		
British Queen, pure white		
Chrysolora, pale yellow	0.20	1.10
Darling, dark blue	0.20	1.10
Leander, deep yellow		
Louise, pearl color		
Marie, blue		
Reconnaissance, dark violet bronze)		
Mixed	0.15	0.75

SPECIES OF IRIS.

Reticulata, dark blue, sweet scented, the earliest Iris	2.50	15.—
Susiana, the mourning Iris, black on a white, lilac		
ground	1	6

PÆONIES.

The best time to plant Paeonia's is in the early fall. If we get your order for them by the beginning of August we will guarantee shipment from here by the first week of October. If ordered later we can not guarantee shipment as early as that though we will do our best to send them as early as possible.

It is small wonder that the Paeonies, with their profusion of beautiful fragrant flowers, are among the most popular of hardy plants. The varieties now seen on the property of nearly all American flower lovers are not designed from the old American types, but are all the result of types which have been developed in Europe.

Originating in the most rigorous climate in Europe, these newer, better 'paeonies are able to readily withstand severest winters, although a half-century of development by master growers has brought out colors and types so delicate in appearance that it is difficult to realize how really hardy they are.

We list below exceedingly fine varieties with strong stems and beautifully shaped flowers of the best colors only—any one familiar with the history of the paeony will realize by scanning the list below, the large proportion of these which were created by the master paeony growers on the Continent, and on which our ideal location and facilities have enabled us to raise the best quality in the best condition, and at moderate cost.

Plant paeonies during September or in October if possible, so that they will make a root growth before the winter sets in and bloom the fellowing Spring. Do not delay planting till Spring, although roots can be put out at that time if necessary, for under such conditions you will lose a whole year before you get bloom.

In planting see that the eyes are put two or three inches below the surface of the ground. Give ample nourishment but do not put fresh manure close to the roots, or transplant any oftener than necessary, as this decreases the number of blooms.

PÆONIA SINENSIS.

Exceedingly fine varieties with strong stems and beautiful shaped flowers, with good colors only.

, ,		
Ĭ	Each :	Dozen
Alba Maxima, snow white, tipped red at some of		
the inner petals, very large		\$ 4.50
Albert Crousse, clear rosy pink, extra large	0.60	6.—
Asa Gray, clear rose, extra large	0.60	6.—
August van Geert, dark carmine	0.45	4.50
Boule de Neige, white margined carmine, exceed-		
ingly beautiful	0.25	2.50
Buyckii, large flower, guard petals bright rose, centre		
salmon pink with silvery reflex, stiff habit, extra	0.60	6
Canari, white tinted creamy white, very floriferous	0.25	2.50
Delicatissima, light rosy apricot, sometimes margi-		
ned carmine red	0.25	2.50
Duchesse de Nemours (Snowball), creamy white,		
very large, one of the finest Paeonias	0.25	2.50

	ach I	Oozen
Duke of Wellington, soft light primrose, extremely		
beautiful	0.45	\$ 4.50
Eugène Verdler, blush, changing to pure white		
toward the centre	0.65	6.50
Felix Crousse, large anemone-shaped bloom, very		
brilliant red, ruby flame colored centre, extra	0.65	6.50
Festiva Maxima, pure white, spotted red, yery large		
flower	0.25	2.50
Gloire de Douai, dark purple red, one of the darkest		
colored Paeonias	0.30	3.—
Jeanne d'Arc, large flower, soft pink, sulphur white		
and lively rose, centre spotted carmine, very fresh		
color, extra	0.25	2.50
La Rosière, centre sulphur yellow, flushing in	0.05	0 70
creamy white toward the end of the petals	0.35	3.50
La Tendresse, pure white, centre creamy white,		
extra	1.50	15.—
La Tulipe, delicate rose fading to creamy white,	0.45	
smells very nicely	0.45	4.50
Marie Lemoine, pure white with yellow anthers,	0.40	
very beautiful	0.40	4.— 3.50
Meissonier, purple red	0.35	3.50
Mile Rousseau, sulphur white, centre rose, flushed	0.50	-
salmon rose, big flower	0.70	7.—
Mme Crousse, large bloom, pure white, centre edged		,
with bright carmine, fine bud, strong stems, one	0.00	0
of the best white varieties for cut flowers, extra	0.80	8.— 4.—
Mme. de Verneville, white centre, delicate flesh.	0.40	4.—
Montblane, pure white, yellow in the centre Monsieur Chas. Leveque, soft salmon pink	0.40	3.—
Monsieur Chas. Leveque, sont salmon pink Monsieur Jules Elie, bright satiny rose, silver reflex	0.75	7.50
Perfection, soft pink shaded rose and cream	0.70	7.—
Souvenir de l'Exposition Universelle, fine form	0.70	٠
of flower, brilliant cherry red, silvery reflexed.	1.25	12.—
Thorbecke, soft rosy pink, centre dark rose	0.25	2.50
Victor Hugo, brilliant carmin red	1.50	15.—
Zoe Calot, soft rose pink, lilac reflexed	0.35	3.50
12 Named sorts our selection at \$ 3.50	0.00	5.50
92		
25 , , , , at \$8.—		
PAEONIA OFFICINALIS.		
Alba pleno, true, double white	1.—	10.—

Alba pleno, true, double white	1.—	10.—
Rosea superba pleno, large double rose	0.70	7
Fl. pleno, brilliant glowing deep crimson double.	0.25	2.50

PAEONIA TENUIFOLIA fl. pl.

Handsome,	ornamental	plant	with	rich,	crimson		
double flo	wers					0.60	6.—

TUPEROUS BEGONIAS.

All Begonias are splendid potplants and are unsurpassed for growing outdoors.

SINGLE BEGONIAS.



													p. doz.	p. 100
Scarlet.													0.50	3.—
Rose													0.50	3.—
Orange.													0.50	3.—
White													0.50	3.—
Yellow													0.50	3.—
Copper.													0.50	3.—

DOUBLE BEGONIAS.



Scarlet															0.70	4.—
Rose	•	•	•		•					٠	•				0.70	4 —

Double Begonias. - Continued.

														p. aoz.	D- 100
Orange							٠							\$0.70	\$4
White .														0.70	4.—
Yellow .								,						0.70	4.—
Copper.					•									0.70	4.—

BEGONIA CRISPA.

New "frilled" Begonia.

The petals of this Begonia are fimbriated and wonderfully fringed.

												p. doz.	
AII	colors	mixed										1.—	6.—

BEGONIA CRISTATA.

New bearded Begonias.

Produce large single flowers of great substance and size and each petal is ornated with a conspicuous crest on the centre. -

LILY OF THE VALLEY.



CONVALLARIA. or Lily of the Valley, is one of "Grand mother's" flowers which is again coming into the popularity which it deserves. We list these strong roots of the finest sorts, such as have made our reputation for high quality with florists the world over. These deserve a more prominent place in your garden than the Lily of the Valley has had hitherto. The results will justify it.

CONVALLARIA OR LILY OF THE VALLEY.

Directions for forcing Lily of the Vailey in your house.

The Berlin crowns are the best for early forcing. Dutch crowns are for late forcing. Both will do nicely outdoors as well-in that case plant in spring.

They can be easily forced in pots. Put about two inches of soil in a pot, put the bunch in, cut the string which keeps the crowns tied and fill up with soil in such a way that the crowns show slightly.

Keep them in a heated room, water daily and cover them with another flower pot so as to make the crowns start growing. After three or four weeks take the top pot away, give the crowns the full light and they will flower nicely after a month or so.

Give the Dutch crowns the same treatment, only force them slowly, do not give them as much heat as the Berlin crowns.

Plant the Berlin and Dutch Lily of the Valley as soon as you get them.

									p. doz.	p. 100
Convaiiaria	Beriin	crowns							\$0.50	\$ 2.75
Convaliaria	Dutch	crowns			•	•			0.40	2.25

GLADIOLUS.

The Gandavensis type of Gladiolus is not nearly so well known in America as it deserves to be. As growers of these bulbs selling direct we are able to offer not only this type, but all the newest introductions—in many cases a season or two before they are listed in American catalogues.



Though the Gladiolus likes the sun and prefers good depth of light soil, well drained, it can readily be grown with success under any ordinary conditions.

Plant about four inches apart and five inches deep, for an average size bulb.

As they bloom from June on, they can be used to good advantage in rose or paeony beds; particularly if you arrange for a succession of bloom by starting early in May and planting each couple weeks until the end of June. In this case you will have a beautiful mass of bloom until nearly October—but a Short time

before the yellowing of the foliage warns you that it is till take up the hulbs and store them in the caller till part St	
take up the bulbs and store them in the cellar, till next Sp. doz.	p. 100
America, bright pink, large flower \$ 0.50	\$ 3.—
Brenchleyensis, scarlet, extra bulbs 0.50	3.—
" 1st size bulbs 0.35	2.— 1.20
Byzantinus, purple. early	1.20
" rubra, red	1.20
" rosea, pink	1.20
Childsi, mixed 0.35	2.—
" good varieties named 1.—	6.—
Gandavensis Type, red and yellow 0.35 mixed, all colors 0.35	2.—
mixed, all colors	4.—
Geiria, dark blue 1.	6
" heliotrope 1.—	6.—
" purple 1	6
bright rose	6.—
" pink	6.—
" violet	6
" yellow	8.— 4.—
Groff's Hybrids, extra	4.—
Holiandia, orange yellow, large, new 0.50	3
Lemoine, named varieties 1.—	6.—
" Bar. Jos. Hulot, deep violet blue 0.65	4
" Marie Lemoine, creamy white with salmon pink 0.50	3.—
" superfine mixed 0.35	2
Nanus Ackermanni, orange red 0.25	1.50 1.20
" Delicatissima (Blushing Bride), bright pink. 0.20 " Fairy Queen, carmine red 0.20	1.20
Ponch Plassom soft rose	2,-
" mixed, all colors	1.—
Nanceianus, in named varieties 1.—	6.—
" superfine mixed 0.35	2.—
" superine inixed	
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like	-
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower. brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white	
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 5. p. 100
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 5. p. 100
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 5.— 5.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 5.— 5.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— p. 100 5.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 9. 100 5.— 45.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 2.— 9. 100 5.— 45.— 50.— 60.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 9. 100 5.— 45.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 5.— 45.— 60.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 2.— 9. 100 5.— 45.— 50.— 60.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 5.— 45.— 60.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 2.— 2.— p. 100 5.— 45.— 60.— 60.—
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Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 3. p. 100 5.— 45.— 60.— 15.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 2.— 2.— p. 100 5.— 45.— 60.— 60.—
Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower, brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 3.— 2.— 3. p. 100 5.— 45.— 60.— 15.—
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Princeps, American novelty, large Amaryllis like flower brilliant deep scarlet, with yellowish white blotch	6.— 3.— 2.— 2.— p. 100 5.— 45.— 60.— 15.— 22.—

IMPORTED BULBS.

	p. dozen	p.100
Roman Hyacinths, the earliest white Hyacinth	\$ 1	6
Narcissus Double Roman	0.60	3.50
" Paperwhite, the well-known sweetscen	ted	
bunch flowering Narcissus	0.50	3.—
Freesia refracta alba, fine truss of sweet-scen	ted	
flowers	0.25	1.50
Lilium Candidum, the Madonna Lily	1.–	6.—
• •		

LILIUM AURATUM GOLDBANDED LILY.

A beautiful Lily from Japan, the flowers are white, with crimson dots and a golden band through the centre of each petal. We send these Lilies beginning of March until April.

											•	Each	p. doz.
Top size Bulb	S											\$0.40	4.—
First size .												0.30	3.—
Second size.												0.20	2.—

Tuberoses the Pearl.

These Tuberoses are imported by us from one of the best growers, and we can therefore guarantee these bulbs to be the very best obtainable. We send the Tuberoses from the Beginning of March until half of April. We should recommend our customers to take a trial with these Bulbs which produce pure white flowers with a very nice odour.

per dozen \$ 0.50, per hundred \$ 3.-

MISCELLANEOUS BULBS.

We have cut down this list to only the most popular kinds of miscellaneous bulbs.

Being specialists in bulbs we do not like to make the impression on you that ours is a catalogue from which you can order just anything you find in any other ordinary price-list. What we offer we grow and supply to you direct from our own fields.

neus.		
\mathbf{p}	dozen	p 100
Allium, azureum, heavenblue	0.65	4.—
. Molly Luteum, yellow	0.20	1 20
" Neapolitanum	0.20	1.20
. Ostrowskianum, fine rose	0.20	1.20
Chionodoxa gigantea, Glory of the Snow, blue.	0.25	1.50
Incilian Clary of the Snew blue with		
white star	0.25	1 50
Chionodoxa Sardensis. Glory of the Snow, fine blue	0.25	1.50
	0.15	0.80
Eranthis Hyemalis, yellow, very early		
Erythronium Americanum, yellow	1.35	8.—
" Denscanis, mixed	0.25	150
" album, white	0.25	1.50
" purpureum, purple	0.35	2.—
roseum, rose	0.25	1.50
Fritillaria Imperialis, red double	8.25	50.—
" yellow double	8 25	50.—
" gold striped (single)	3.50	20
" yellow (single)	250	15.—
" aurora, red (single)	2 50	15.—
grown upon crown (single)	2 —	12.—
(olamia) bor	1.30	8.—
" " mixed	1 —	6 —

	400
p. dozen	-
Fritillaria meleagris, mixed spring flowering 0.20	1.20
Ixia, mixed 0.15	0.80
Muscari Botryoldes, blue, grape Hyacinths 0,15	0.80
" white, grape Hyacinths 0.20	1.20
" Plumosus, violet feather Hyacinths 020	1.20
Oxalis Bowii	1.20
" сегия, yellow 0.20	1.20
" cernua fl. pl., double yellow 0.40	2.40
" Deppei, scarlet 0.20	1.20
" Superfine Mixed 0.20	1.20
Scilla bifolia, blue 0.20	1.20
, white	15.—
" campanulata alba, white 0.20	1.20
" " " blue 0.20	1.20
" sibirica, blue 0.20	1.20
, white 0.25	1.50
Snowdrops (Galanthus Nivalis) these little white	
heralds of the Spring are simply levely. The snew	
has hardly left your lawn and lo! they push up their	
tiny heads to ring in the time which inspires the	
whole flower-world with new life. And they don't	
require any special attention either. They just invite	
you to look at them and enjoy spring.	
Snowdrops Single 0.20	1.20
" Double	1.50
" Elwesii (large single flowers) 0.20	1.20
Sparaxis, named varieties 0.20	1.20
mixed 0.15	0.75

SPIRAEAS.



This photo gives a picture how beautifully the cut flowers of the Spiraea can be arranged.]

OUR INTRODUCTIONS.

Spiraea Philadelphia, named in honor of our American Branch is a marvel in lavender pink, a perfect grower and when in bloom a plant of irresistible charm.

Each \$ 0.30 Dozen \$ 3.—

INTRODUCTIONS 1913.

A striking novelty: for the first time introduced to the market. A cross between Astilbe hybr. Peach Blossom and Astilbe Arendsi, combining all the good capacities of both. The foliage of rich green color is like the old Spiraea japonica Elegant flowers of Catleya-color: nice lilac rose with silvery reflex, hereto unknown in forcing Spiraea. Forces at the same time as Queen Alexandra.

each \$ 0.75, per dozeu \$ 7.—

AVALANCHE. Award of Merit Royal Horticultural Society London (Votes, unanimous). A good pure white variety obtained as the result of a cross between Spiraea compacta multiflora and Astilbe chinensis. The flowers have the same feathered habit that has made the pink forms so popular.

Compacta multiflora and Astilbe chinensis. The flowers have the same feathered habit that has made the pink forms so popular.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA (IMPROVED). A deep pink flower. Has all the good capacities of the common Queen Alexandra; the color is however more constant and a better pink.

Queen Alexandra; the each \$ 0.40, per dozen \$ 4.--

RUBENS. Deep pink, forces as early and as easily as Gladstone. each \$ 0.75, per dozen \$ 7.—
QUEEN ALEXANDRA, the newest pink has created much sensation among all growers; it combines together with its deep rosy pink the perfect growing and easy forcing of the Spiraea Gladstone. each \$ 0.20, per dozen \$ 2.—

GLADSTONE. The growers of the Continent were not surprised when, as the result of our long experience as Spiraea specialists, it was possible to offer a new white Spiraea, which was a perfect grower of extra free flowering habit and which forced easily. This white — the Gladstone Spiraea — is standard for highest class use in Europe and has been bought by many of the best florists in America, all of whom express their highest satisfaction.

each \$ 0.20, per dozen \$ 2.—

Peach Blossom, clear pink	each p doz \$0.20 \$2	Japonica	oz. 2.—
Astilboides	0.20 2	Palmata alba, white flowers 0.20	2.—
" floribunda	0.20 2	" elegans 0.20	2.—
Blondine	0.90 2	rubra	2_

We send everything herewith catalogued: carriage paid and free of packing charges, our prices including everything.

Compacta multiflora 0.20

Paeony-Flowered Dahlias.

This is a new class of Dahlias of very large size. The flowers are borne on long stout stems and are especially well fitfor decoration.

The plants produce an effective display in the garden. The new varieties introduced by our firm are the very best and many of them were awarded certificates and awards of Merit. We send these roots in Spring so that our customers can plant them in May and have no bother to keep the roots free of frost during winter.

ea	ach.		each.
Andrew Carnegie, salmon pink. Award of merit \$0	.20	King Edward, deep purple, unique shade	\$ 0.45
Bertha von Suttner, blush rose, with salmon tint. Award		King Leopold, canary yellow	0.20
of merit	.35	H. J. Lovink, mauve shaded, 1st class certificate	0.50
Caesar, canary yellow. 1st class certificate 0	.55	La Riante, soft shade of mauve pink	0.20
Cecilia, creamy white. Ist class certificate 0.	.55	Mannheim, soft orange red. 1st class certificate	0.20
Dr. K. W. v. Gorkum, white, rosy shaded	.20	Mervelle, orange yellow, marvellous form	0.25
Dr. Peary, dark mahogany, velvety shaded. Award of merit 0	.55	Miss Gladys Dawson, orange, shaded yellow	0.20
Duke Henry, rich brilliant deep crimson 0	.20	Montblanc, pure white	0.60
Geisha, scarlet and gold. the most sensational dahlia of		Paul Kruger, rosy, white striped	0.20
all. Ist class certificate	.55	P. W. Jansen, orange yellow	0.30
Germania, bright glowing crimson scarlet 0	.20	Queen Alexandra, sulphur yellow. 1st class certificate	0.35
Glory of Baarn, soft pink. Ist class certificate 0	.20	Queen Emma, rosy pink, suffused yellow	0.20
H. Hornsveld, soft salmon, elegant form	30	Queen Wilhelmina, pure white	0.20
Hortulanus Budde, bright orange red. Award of merit . 1	1.—	Sneeuwwitje, pure white	0.20
Hugo de Vries, bronzy-orange 0	0.20	Sherlock Holmes, mauve, splendid form	1.20
Isadora Duncan, pale salmon 0	0.30	Vesta, pale yellow, salmon rose shaded	0.35
Kalserin Augusta Victoria, creamy white	.30		

New Paeony-Flowered Dahlias.

America, apricot orange. 1st class certificate each \$4	Fräuleln Budde, soft pink, free flowering Award of merit
Avalanche, pure white, the best white in this class. Award	each \$ 2.—
of merit each 3.—	Loveliness, pale lilac, white shaded. Award of merit each 3
Electra, bluish mauve, grows very erect above the foliage,	Painted Lady, pale rose. Award of merit each 3
free flowering. 1st class certificate each 2.—	

Paeony-Flowered Dahlias.

Novelties for 1914.

Chatenay, color similar to the wellknown Chatenay rose,	Mrs		
blooms held erect on good stiff stalk. First class certi-	f		
ficate Amsterdam 1913 each \$ 10 -			
Duchess of Brunswick, bright red, blooms eight to nine	a		
inches across, the outside of the florets being apricot.	\$		
First class certificate National Dahlia Society and Award	1		
of merit R. H. S. London Sept. 1913 each 12 -			

flowers, eight inches across. with incurved irregular florets of the Cactus type, very attractive, good stalk and substance. First class certificate National Dahlia Society and Award of merit R. H. S. London Sept. 1913. each \$12,—

Paeony-Decorative Dahlias.

Alice Roosevelt, mauve shaded each § 0.40	Mrs. Fleers, rosy red. 1st class certificate each \$ 0.45
Hortulanus Fiet, salmon, yellow centre, very large. 1st	PrincessJullana, pure white free flowering, the best white
class certificate each 1,25	for cutting. 1st class certificate each 0.45
Hortulanus Witte, pure white. 1st class certificate each 045	Zeppelin, mauve, perfect form. Award of merit each 1.25

New Paeony-Decorative Dahlias.

Berch van Heemstede, pure yellow, free flowering. 1st class certificate each 3.—	Leo XIII, deep yellow, remarkable form, very attractive. Award of merit 1913. 1st class certificate 1913 each 3.50
Great Britain, deep mauve, perfect form, very large	
flower. 1st class certificate each 4,50	

We send everything herewith catalogued: carriage paid and free of packing charges, our prices including everything.

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